

Practice Set – I



Total Time – 50mins

Total Marks – 30 Marks

Kindly read the instructions carefully before attempting the questions.

To be filled by the candidate:

NAME -

Roll No. -

Examination Centre -

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

1. Write your name, roll number and the examination centre in the space provided on the cover page of this answer book as well as the pages of answer book.
2. ALL QUESTIONS ARE TO BE ATTEMPTED.
3. **DO NOT REMOVE ANY SHEET** from this answer book.
4. There is no negative marking for incorrect answer.
5. **Part B - YOUR QUALITY OF LINES WILL BE MORE APPRICIATED.**

TRY TO MAKE NEAT AND CLEAN WORK.

NO EXTRA MARKS WILL BE GIVEN IF ANY WORK EXCEED THE LIMIT OF ANSWERS.

PART – A

1.A state, society, or group governed by old people

- A. Gerontocracy
- B. Ochlocracy
- C. Oligarchy
- D. Kakistocracy

DIRECTIONS for the question 1- 4 : Read the passage and answer the question based on it. On August 3, 1492 , Christopher Columbus set sail from Palos , Spain , with less than a hundred crew members to discover a new route to Asia. After spending a difficult time at sea, the party sighted land early on the morning of October 12, 1492. They set foot on an island in the Bahamas which they named Al Salvador. Columbus presumed that the indigenous people were Native Indians as he was under the mistaken belief that he had set foot on Indian soil. Probably some 10 million American Indians were natives to the land before the large-scale inhabitation by Europeans and subsequent annihilation of Native Americans started. However, it took more than a hundred years after Columbus discovered America for the Europeans to finally take the momentous decision to make the New World their home. The Native Americans actually welcomed the pale-skinned visitors primarily out of curiosity than anything else. They were fascinated by the steel knives and swords, fire spewing cannons, brass and copper utensils, etc. that these visitors brought with them. Eventually, cultural differences erupted. The natives could not stomach the arrogance of the newcomers and the scant respect they paid to nature. The European settlers viewed every resource — plants, animals, and people as something to be commercially exploited. The native Indians were vastly outnumbered in the wars that ensued. The resistance they put up never proved enough to stop the European settlers. The nomadic lifestyle of the Indians, the relatively unsophisticated weapons at their disposal, the unwillingness of some of their own people to defend themselves, and the diseases of the white men — all contributed to the virtual elimination of their race. Some of the diseases brought by Europeans from their overcrowded cities that decimated the natives were: small pox, plague, measles, cholera, typhoid, and malaria. These deadly diseases, to which most natives had developed no resistance, devastated many tribes between 1775 and 1850. America was named after an Italian navigator, Amerigo Vespucci, who explored the Northern parts of South America in 1499 and 1500 and later announced to the world about the discovery of a new continent.

2.The primary purpose of the passage is to

- A. Disprove the notion that America was named after Columbus
- B. Provide a snapshot of the discovery of America and the early years of settlements.
- C. Explain how the Europeans eliminated the native Americans in their own land
- D. Discuss how the process of colonization of America started.
- E. To tell about the Americans Indians.

3.From the passage we can infer that in comparison to the Europeans, Native Americans were

- A. Careless about their environment
- B. A very unhealthy lot
- C. More respectful of nature
- D. Ignorant about sanitation
- E. Afraid of outsiders

4.What can be inferred from the third paragraph?

- A. The native Americans did not have any weapons with which to defend themselves.
- B. The native Americans probably attached a lot of importance to and respected nature.
- C. The native Americans did not know how to use natural resources.
- D. The early settlers became arrogant as they could commercially exploit resources.
- E. The native Americans did not know the art of making utensils.

5. Based on the information in the passage which of the following cannot be inferred?

- I. Alien diseases wiped out a large proportion of certain Native American tribes
 - II. The early settlers totally eliminated the Native Americans
 - III. To the early settlers, even people were resources to be exploited commercially
- A. Only I
 - B. Only II
 - C. I & II
 - D. Only III
 - E. None of these

6. A and B can do a piece of work in 45 days and 40 days respectively. They began to do the work together but A leaves after some days and then B completed the remaining work in 23 days.

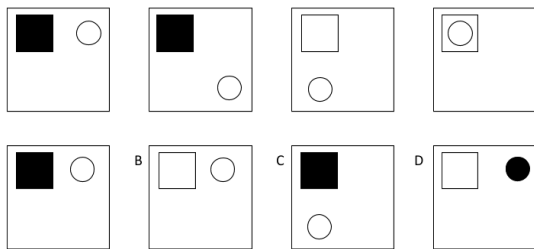
The number of days after which A left the work was

- A. 12
- B. 11
- C. 10
- D. 9

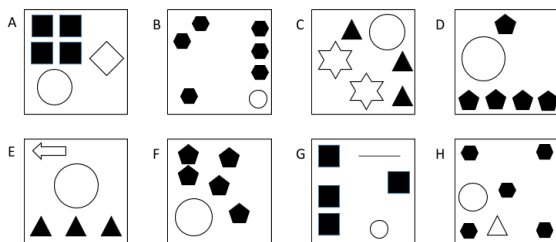
7. The difference between simple and compound interests compounded annually on a certain sum of money for 2 years at 4% per annum is Rs 1. The sum is:

- A) Rs 625
- B) Rs 630
- C) 640
- D) 650

8. Which box completes the set?



9 Which of these boxes does not form part of this group?



Dev, Kumar, Nilesh, Ankur and Pintu are standing facing to the North in a playground such as given below:

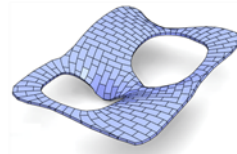


- A. Vincentvan Gogh
- B. Pablo Picasso
- C. Rembrandt van Rijn
- D. None of these

PART B

15 Marks

Q1:-Draw the mirror image of below objects ?



Q2:- Draw a eucalypts leave from four different angles and crate a pattern in 3d in a box of 6x6 inches?